108TH CONGRESS 1ST SESSION

H. R. 1621

To provide environmentally sound, expedited procedures for the planning and implementation of hazardous fuels reduction activities for wild-fire prone National Forest System lands and lands administered by the Bureau of Land Management, and for other purposes.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

APRIL 3, 2003

Mr. George Miller of California (for himself and Mr. Defazio) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on Agriculture, and in addition to the Committee on Resources, for a period to be subsequently determined by the Speaker, in each case for consideration of such provisions as fall within the jurisdiction of the committee concerned

A BILL

To provide environmentally sound, expedited procedures for the planning and implementation of hazardous fuels reduction activities for wild-fire prone National Forest System lands and lands administered by the Bureau of Land Management, and for other purposes.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 **SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.**
- 4 (a) Short Title.—This Act may be cited as the
- 5 "Federal Lands Hazardous Fuels Reduction Act of
- 6 2003".

1	(b) Table of Contents.—The table of contents for
2	this Act is as follows:
	 Sec. 1. Short title. Sec. 2. Definitions. Sec. 3. Hazardous fuels reduction projects authorized. Sec. 4. Collaboration and public input process. Sec. 5. Expedited planning and implementation process. Sec. 6. Development of definitions of old and large trees. Sec. 7. Ongoing projects and existing authorities. Sec. 8. Preference to communities with fire prevention ordinances. Sec. 9. Sunset. Sec. 10. Authorization of appropriations. Sec. 11. Availability and use of Reforestation Trust Fund.
3	SEC. 2. DEFINITIONS.
4	(a) Land Type and Fire Regime Definitions
5	From Forest Service Rocky Mountain Research
6	STATION.—In this Act:
7	(1) CONDITION CLASS 2.—The term "condition
8	class 2" refers to lands on which—
9	(A) fire regimes have been moderately al-
10	tered from their historical fire return intervals;
11	(B) there exists a moderate risk of losing
12	key ecosystem components; and
13	(C) vegetation attributes have been mod-
14	erately altered from their historical range.
15	(2) Condition class 3.—The term "condition
16	class 3" refers to lands on which—
17	(A) fire regimes have been significantly al-
18	tered from their historical fire return intervals;
19	and

1	(B) there exists a high risk of losing key
2	ecosystem components.
3	(3) Fire regime I.—The term "fire regime I"
4	refers to lands—
5	(A) on which historically there are low se-
6	verity fires with a frequency of 0–35 years; and
7	(B) are located primarily in low elevation
8	forests of pine, oak, and pinyon-juniper.
9	(4) Fire regime II.—The term "fire regime
10	II" refers to lands—
11	(A) on which historically there are stand
12	replacement severity fires with a frequency of
13	0–35 years; and
14	(B) are located primarily in low- to mid-
15	elevation forests, rangelands, grasslands, or
16	shrublands.
17	(5) Fire regime III.—The term "fire regime
18	III" refers to lands—
19	(A) on which historically there are mixed
20	severity fires with a frequency of 35–100 years;
21	and
22	(B) are located primarily in forests of
23	mixed conifer, dry Douglas Fir, and wet Pon-
24	derosa pine.
25	(b) OTHER DEFINITIONS.—In this Act:

- 1 (1) Best value contracting.—The term
 2 "best value contracting" means the contracting proc3 ess described in section 15.101 of title 48, Code of
 4 Federal Regulations, which allows the inclusion of
 5 non-cost factors in the contract process.
 - (2) Comprehensive Strategy" means the Comprehensive Strategy for a Collaborative Approach for Reducing Wildland Fire Risks to Communities and the Environment, dated May 2002, which was developed pursuant to the conference report to accompany the Department of the Interior and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2001 (House Report 106–646).
 - (3) FEDERAL LANDS.—Except as provided in subsection (c), the term "Federal lands" means—
 - (A) National Forest System lands; and
 - (B) public lands administered by the Secretary of the Interior acting through the Bureau of Land Management.
 - (4) Goods for service contracting" means the contracting process described in section 347 of the Department of the Interior and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 1999 (as contained in section

- 1 101(e) of division A of Public Law 105–277; 16
 U.S.C. 2104 note).
- 3 (5) HAZARDOUS FUELS REDUCTION
 4 PROJECT.—The term "hazardous fuels reduction
 5 project" means a project—
 - (A) undertaken for the purpose of reducing the amount of hazardous fuels resulting from alteration of a natural fire regime as a result of fire suppression or other activities; and
 - (B) accomplished through the use of prescribed burning or mechanical treatment, or combination thereof.
 - (6) Inventoried roadless area" means one of the areas identified in the set of inventoried roadless areas maps contained in the Forest Service Roadless Areas Conservation, Final Environmental Impact Statement, Volume 2, dated November 2000.
 - (7) Local preference contracting" means the contracting process described in section 333 of the Department of the Interior and Related Agencies Appropriations Act, 2003 (division F of Public Law 108–7; 117 Stat. 277), that gives preference to local businesses.

1	(8) Management unit.—The term "manage-
2	ment unit", with respect to Federal lands, means a
3	unit of the National Forest System or a land man-
4	agement district of the Bureau of Land Manage-
5	ment
6	(9) Municipal water supply system.—The
7	term "municipal water supply" means reservoirs, ca-
8	nals, ditches, flumes, laterals, pipes, pipelines, or
9	other surface facilities and systems constructed or
10	installed for the impoundment, storage, transpor-
11	tation, or distribution of drinking water for a com-
12	munity.
13	(10) Secretary concerned.—The term
14	"Secretary concerned" means—
15	(A) the Secretary of Agriculture (or the
16	designee of the Secretary) with respect to Na-
17	tional Forest System lands; and
18	(B) the Secretary of the Interior (or the
19	designee of the Secretary) with respect to public
20	lands administered by the Secretary through
21	the Bureau of Land Management.
22	(11) WILDLAND-URBAN INTERFACE.—The term
23	"wildland-urban interface" means a geographic area

designated by the Secretary concerned as any area—

1	(A) defined on page 753 of volume 66 of
2	the Federal Register, as published on January
3	4, 2001;
4	(B) on which conditions are conducive to
5	large-scale fire disturbance events; and
6	(C) for which a significant risk exists of a
7	resulting spread of the fire disturbance event,
8	after ignition, which would threaten human life
9	and property.
10	(c) Excluded Federal Lands.—This Act, includ-
11	ing the expedited process described in section 5, does not
12	apply to any Federal lands—
13	(1) included as a component of the National
14	Wilderness Preservation System;
15	(2) where commercial logging is prohibited or
16	restricted by Act of Congress, presidential proclama-
17	tion, or agency determination;
18	(3) included in a wilderness study area; or
19	(4) included in an inventoried roadless area.
20	SEC. 3. HAZARDOUS FUELS REDUCTION PROJECTS AU-
21	THORIZED.
22	(a) Consistency With Implementation Plan.—
23	The processes authorized or required by this Act shall be
24	consistent with the implementation plan for the Com-

- 1 prehensive Strategy to reduce hazardous fuels on Federal
- 2 lands.

Projects.—

- 3 (b) Priority Hazardous Fuels Reduction
- 5 (1) Projects on Certain Federal Lands.—
 6 In implementing hazardous fuels reduction projects
 7 under this Act, the Secretary concerned shall give
 8 priority to projects on the following Federal lands:
 - (A) Federal lands that are located in the wildland-urban interface within one-half mile of a community where fire regime I, fire regime II, or fire regime III exists and that are in condition class 2 or condition class 3.
 - (B) Federal lands where fire regime I, fire regime II, or fire regime III exists that are in condition class 3, or condition class 2 if the Federal lands are intermingled with condition class 3 lands, and that are located in such proximity to a municipal water supply system that a hazardous fuels reduction project should be carried out in order to reduce the risk of harm to such system or the quality of a municipal water supply resulting from an unusually severe wildfire.

- 1 (2) Limitation on other projects pending 2 COMPLETION OF PRIORITY PROJECTS.—In any management unit of the Federal lands in which Federal 3 lands described in paragraph (1) are located, the 5 Secretary concerned shall not carry out any haz-6 ardous fuels reduction project under this Act on any 7 other lands in that management unit until the Sec-8 retary concerned completes treatment of all acreage 9 in that management unit on Federal lands described 10 in paragraph (1).
- 11 (c) Compliance With Land Management
 12 Plans.—A hazardous fuels reduction project planned and
 13 conducted under this Act must be consistent with the land
 14 and resource management plan, land use plan, and other
 15 agency plans and regulations applicable to the Federal
 16 lands covered by the project.
- 17 (d) Project Contracting.—To conduct a haz18 ardous fuels reduction project under this Act, the Sec19 retary concerned shall use local preference contracting and
 20 best value contracting. Payments under a contract entered
 21 into to implement a project under this Act shall only be
 22 made on a fee-for-service basis. The Secretary concerned
 23 shall not use goods-for-service contracting to implement
 24 a project under this Act.

1	(e) Limitations.—In conducting a hazardous fuels
2	reduction project under this Act, the Secretary con-
3	cerned—
4	(1) shall not construct new permanent or tem-
5	porary roads;
6	(2) shall maintain all old and large trees and
7	the structure, function, and composition of late-suc-
8	cessional forest stands appropriate for each eco-
9	system type, until the process required by section 6
10	is complete and Congress formally adopts or rejects
11	the recommendations by Act of Congress;
12	(3) shall focus on thinning from below when
13	using mechanical treatment.
14	(f) ACREAGE LIMITATION.—Not more than
15	20,000,000 acres of Federal land may be treated using
16	the authorities provided by this Act.
17	(g) Funding Priority.—Of funds expended for haz-
18	ardous fuels reduction projects under this Act, at least 75
19	percent shall be expended on projects in the wildland-
20	urban interface within one-half mile of a community.
21	(h) Monitoring.—
22	(1) Monitoring required.—The Secretary
23	concerned shall establish a balanced multiparty mon-

itoring process in order for Congress to assess a rep-

- resentative sampling of the hazardous fuels reduction projects implemented under this Act.
- 3 (2) REPORT REQUIRED.—Not later than one 4 year after the expiration of this Act, as provided in 5 section 9, the Secretary concerned shall submit to 6 Congress a report containing, at a minimum, the fol-7 lowing:
- 8 (A) An assessment of the cumulative ac-9 complishments or adverse impacts of the fuels 10 reduction projects conducted under this Act.
 - (B) A description of the ecological effects of the projects conducted under this Act.
 - (C) A description of the economic viability, impacts, and costs of the projects conducted under this Act.

16 SEC. 4. COLLABORATION AND PUBLIC INPUT PROCESS.

17 (a) Process Required.—

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(1) Development.—As a condition on the selection of hazardous fuels reduction projects under section 3, the Secretary of Agriculture and the Secretary of the Interior shall jointly develop a collaborative process with interested parties, consistent with the implementation plan for the Comprehensive Strategy. The collaborative process developed by the Secretaries may be the process set forth in title II

1	of the Secure Rural Schools and Community Self-
2	Determination Act of 2000 (Public Law 106–393;
3	16 U.S.C. 500 note).
4	(2) Required maps and public meetings.—
5	As part of the process developed under subsection
6	(a), the Secretaries shall—
7	(A) produce maps designating the condi-
8	tion class of lands at the appropriate landscape
9	scale;
10	(B) make such maps readily available for
11	public inspection; and
12	(C) hold a public meeting to discuss condi-
13	tion classification of lands by management unit
14	and to identify priority areas for hazardous
15	fuels reduction projects.
16	(b) Public Notice.—
17	(1) Quarterly notice.—The Secretary con-
18	cerned shall provide quarterly notice of each haz-
19	ardous fuels reduction project proposed to be con-
20	ducted using the expedited process described in sec-
21	tion 5. The quarterly notice shall be provided in the
22	Federal Register, in a local paper of record, and on
23	an agency website. The Secretary concerned may

combine this quarterly notice with other quarterly

- notices otherwise issued regarding Federal land
 management.
 - (2) CONTENT.—The notice required by paragraph (1) shall include, at a minimum, the following information regarding each hazardous fuels reduction project contained in the notice:
 - (A) Specific identification that the project is a hazardous fuels reduction project for which the expedited process described in section 5 will be used, including a clear statement whether the agency intends to use a categorical exclusion or to prepare an environmental assessment or environmental impact statement.
 - (B) A description of the project, including as much information on its geographic location as practicable.
 - (C) The approximate date on which scoping for the project will begin.
 - (D) Information regarding how interested members of the public can take part in the development of the project pursuant to the expedited process described in section 5.
- 23 (c) Public Meeting.—Following publication of each 24 quarterly notice under subsection (b), but before the be-25 ginning of scoping for the project pursuant to the expe-

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- 1 dited process described in section 5, the Secretary con-
- 2 cerned shall conduct a public meeting at an appropriate
- 3 location in each administrative unit of the Federal lands
- 4 regarding those hazardous fuels reduction projects con-
- 5 tained in the quarterly notice that are proposed to be con-
- 6 ducted in that administrative unit. The Secretary con-
- 7 cerned shall provide advance notice of the date and time
- 8 of the meeting in the quarterly notice or using the same
- 9 means described in subsection (b)(1).
- 10 (d) Final Agency Action.—The Secretary con-
- 11 cerned shall provide notice in the local paper of record and
- 12 on an agency website of any final agency action regarding
- 13 a hazardous fuels reduction project for which the expe-
- 14 dited process described in section 5 are used.
- 15 (e) Public Petitions for Inclusion or Exclu-
- 16 SION OF LANDS.—
- 17 (1) RIGHT TO PETITION.—An entity referred to
- in paragraph (4) may submit to the Secretary con-
- 19 cerned a petition, with supporting evidence, that re-
- quests the inclusion or exclusion of an area of Fed-
- eral lands in subsection (a) with regard to condition
- class.
- 23 (2) EVALUATION.—The Secretary concerned
- shall respond to a petition under paragraph (1) by
- 25 public notice of a public viewing of the area in ques-

- tion, within 90 days of receipt the petition, with the
 petitioner and any other interested parties.
- 3 (3) Response.—The Secretary concerned shall accept or deny the petition within 180 days of its receipt, based on the site evaluation under paragraph (2) and a specific review of the historical conditions, forest type, and present fuel loads of the Federal lands covered by the petition.
 - (4) AUTHORIZED PETITIONERS.—A petition under paragraph (1) may be submitted by any of the following:
- 12 (A) A political subdivision of a State.
- 13 (B) A federally formed resource advisory 14 council or provincial advisory committee.
- 15 (C) A resource advisory committee estab-16 lished under section 205 of the Secure Rural 17 Schools and Community Self-Determination Act 18 of 2000 (Public Law 106–393; 16 U.S.C. 500 19 note).
- 20 SEC. 5. EXPEDITED PLANNING AND IMPLEMENTATION PROCESS.
- 22 (a) SCOPING.—The Secretary concerned shall con-23 duct scoping with respect to each hazardous fuels reduc-24 tion project for which the expedited process established by 25 this section are to be used.

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(b) CATEGORICAL EXCLUSIONS.—

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- (1) Presumption near communities.—If a hazardous fuels reduction project covered by section 3, for which the collaborative and public input process required by section 4 is used, covers Federal lands located in the wildland-urban interface within one-half mile of a community, the project is deemed to be categorically excluded from further analysis under the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 (42 U.S.C. 4331 et seq.). The Secretary concerned need not make any findings as to whether the project, either individually or cumulatively, has a significant effect on the environment. However, within the one-half mile zone surrounding a community, the Secretary concerned shall vary the treatments used to achieve heterogeneity of forest conditions and to ensure forest health.
- (2) Extraordinary circumstances exception.—Paragraph (1) shall not apply to Federal lands located in the wildland-urban interface within one-half mile of a community if extraordinary circumstances exist with respect to the lands.
- (3) Extraordinary circumstances.—In the case of a hazardous fuels reduction project for which a categorical exclusion applies under paragraph (1),

the project, the Secretary concerned shall follow agency procedures (as contained in CEQ regulation 1508.4, Forest Service Handbook 1909.15, chapters

if extraordinary circumstances exist with respect to

- 5 30–33, as of August 22, 2002, and Bureau of Land
- 6 Management Handbook H-1790-1, 516 DM 2.1-
- 7 2.10) related to categorical exclusions and extraor-
- 8 dinary circumstances.

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9 APPEALS.—Hazardous fuels reduction 10 projects implemented using a categorical exclusion 11 under paragraph (1) are not subject to appeal re-12 quirements imposed by section 322 of the Depart-13 ment of the Interior and Related Agencies Appro-14 priations Act, 1993 (Public Law 102–381; 16 15 U.S.C. 1612 note), or the Department of the Inte-16 rior Office of Hearings and Appeals.

(c) Environmental Assessments.—

(1) In GENERAL.—With respect to priority lands identified in section 3(b), if a categorical exclusion does not apply under subsection (b) to a hazardous fuels reduction project under section 3 for the lands, the Secretary concerned shall determine, consistent with the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969, whether an environmental assessment

1	will be sufficient to meet the requirements for the
2	project under such Act.
3	(2) Content.—An environmental assessment
4	prepared for a hazardous fuels reduction project
5	under section 3 shall—
6	(A) be concise, if possible not more than
7	10–15 pages;
8	(B) describe sufficient information and
9	analyses for determining whether to prepare an
10	environmental impact statement or a finding of
11	no significant impact;
12	(C) state the need for the proposed action
13	(D) describe alternative actions, as re-
14	quired by section 102(2)(E) of the National
15	Environmental Policy Act of 1969;
16	(E) briefly describe the environmental im-
17	pacts of the proposed action and alternatives;
18	(F) list the agencies and persons con-
19	sulted, as required by section 1508.9 of title 40
20	Code of Federal Regulations, with respect to
21	National Forest System lands;
22	(G) reference supporting data, inventories
23	and other documents on which the Secretary
24	concerned relied to make the decision; and

1	(H) involve interested agencies and the
2	public in the preparation of the environmental
3	assessment.
4	(3) Availability of decision document.—
5	When the decision document is complete for a haz-
6	ardous fuels reduction project under section 3 for
7	which an environmental assessment or categorical
8	exclusion memo is prepared, the Secretary concerned
9	shall—
10	(A) provide notice of the decision docu-
11	ment in the Federal Register, the local paper of
12	record, and an agency website, including notice
13	stating how the documentation listed in sub-
14	paragraph (B) will be available; and
15	(B) make the environmental analysis docu-
16	ment, administrative record, and decision docu-
17	ment or memo for the project, pursuant to sec-
18	tion 215.2 of title 36, Code of Federal Regula-
19	tions, readily available for public review.
20	(4) Appeals.—Notwithstanding the appeal re-
21	quirements imposed by section 322 of the Depart-
22	ment of the Interior and Related Agencies Appro-
23	priations Act, 1993 (Public Law 102–381; 16
24	U.S.C. 1612 note), or the Department of the Inte-

rior Office of Hearings and Appeals—

- 1 (A) persons must file any administrative 2 appeal of a project under this subsection within 3 days after the date of issuance of the deci-4 sion document for the project;
 - (B) the Secretary concerned shall resolve any appeal not later than 20 days after the closing date for filing an appeal; and
 - (C) the Secretary concerned shall stay implementation of the project until the end of the 15-day period beginning on date on which the Secretary concerned resolves any administrative appeal that complies with the requirements in subsection (d).
- 14 (d) Additional Limitation on Administrative 15 Appeals.—Notwithstanding section 322 of the Department of the Interior and Related Agencies Appropriations 16 Act, 1993 (Public Law 102–381; 16 U.S.C. 1612 note), if a draft document prepared pursuant to the National Environmental Policy Act of 1969 for a hazardous fuels 19 reduction project covered by section 3 was available for 20 21 public comment, the Secretary of Agriculture may require that a person filing an administrative appeal with respect 23 to the project must have been involved in the public comment process for the project by submitting written comments raising specific issues with regard to the project.

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- 1 (e) Statement of Compliance.—A catagorical ex-
- 2 clusion memo or environmental assessment decision docu-
- 3 ment prepared under this section shall include a short
- 4 statement as to how the hazardous fuels reduction project
- 5 complies with the requirement of section 3(c).
- 6 SEC. 6. DEVELOPMENT OF DEFINITIONS OF OLD AND
- 7 LARGE TREES.
- 8 (a) Use of National Academy of Sciences.—
- 9 The Secretary of Agriculture and the Secretary of the In-
- 10 terior shall jointly enter into a contract with the National
- 11 Academy of Sciences for the preparation of recommended
- 12 definitions of old and large trees appropriate for each eco-
- 13 system type to be used for purposes of this Act.
- 14 (b) QUALIFICATIONS.—To be eligible to serve on the
- 15 panel of the National Academy of Sciences used to prepare
- 16 the recommended definitions of old and large trees, a
- 17 member of the panel shall have scientific expertise in the
- 18 characteristics of old growth and the seral stages of forest
- 19 types.
- 20 (c) Submission of Recommended Definitions.—
- 21 Not later than one year after the date of the enactment
- 22 of this Act, the National Academy of Sciences shall submit
- 23 to the Secretary of Agriculture, the Secretary of the Inte-
- 24 rior, and Congress the recommended definitions of old and
- 25 large trees appropriate for each ecosystem type.

1 SEC. 7. ONGOING PROJECTS AND EXISTING AUTHORITIES.

- 2 Nothing in this Act shall affect a hazardous fuels re-
- 3 duction projects for which scoping has begun before the
- 4 date of the enactment of this Act or affect authorities oth-
- 5 erwise granted to the Secretary concerned under existing
- 6 law.

7 SEC. 8. PREFERENCE TO COMMUNITIES WITH FIRE PRE-

- 8 VENTION ORDINANCES.
- 9 In determining the allocation of funding for the Com-
- 10 munity and Private Land Fire Assistance program under
- 11 section 10A(b) of the Cooperative Forestry Assistance Act
- 12 of 1978 (16 U.S.C 2106c(b)), the Secretary of Agriculture
- 13 shall prioritize funding to those communities that have
- 14 taken proactive steps through the enactment of ordinances
- 15 and other means to encourage property owners to reduce
- 16 fire risk on private property.
- 17 **SEC. 9. SUNSET.**
- The provisions of this Act shall expire at the end of
- 19 the five-year period beginning on the date of the enact-
- 20 ment of this Act, except that a hazardous fuels reduction
- 21 project for which a decision notice, or memo in the case
- 22 of a categorical exclusion, has been issued before the end
- 23 of such period may continue to be implemented using the
- 24 provisions of this Act.

SEC. 10. AUTHORIZATION OF APPROPRIATIONS.

- 2 (a) National Forest System Lands.—For the
- 3 purpose of planning and conducting hazardous fuels re-
- 4 duction projects under this Act on National Forest System
- 5 Lands, there are authorized to be appropriated to the Sec-
- 6 retary of Agriculture \$1,943,100,000 during the five-fiscal
- 7 year period beginning October 1, 2003. Subject to section
- 8 9, amounts appropriated in one fiscal year and unobli-
- 9 gated before the end of that fiscal year shall remain avail-
- 10 able for use in subsequent fiscal years.
- 11 (b) BLM LANDS.—For the purpose of planning and
- 12 conducting hazardous fuels reduction projects under this
- 13 Act on Federal lands described in section 2(b)(2)(B),
- 14 there are authorized to be appropriated to the Secretary
- 15 of the Interior \$1,888,000,000 during the five-fiscal year
- 16 period beginning October 1, 2003. Subject to section 9,
- 17 amounts appropriated in one fiscal year and unobligated
- 18 before the end of that fiscal year shall remain available
- 19 for use in subsequent fiscal years.
- 20 SEC. 11. AVAILABILITY AND USE OF REFORESTATION
- 21 TRUST FUND.
- 22 (a) Waiver of Limitation on Transfers.—Dur-
- 23 ing fiscal years 2004 through 2008, the limitation in sub-
- 24 section (b)(2) of section 303 of Public Law 96-451 (16
- 25 U.S.C. 1606a) shall not apply.

- 1 (b) Consultation.—During fiscal years 2004
- 2 through 2008, the consultation required by subsection
- 3 (c)(1) of section 303 of Public Law 96–451 shall include
- 4 consultation with the Secretary of the Interior.
- 5 (c) Expansion of Obligation Requirements.—
- 6 During fiscal years 2004 through 2008, the Secretary of
- 7 the Interior, in addition to the Secretary of Agriculture,
- 8 shall obligate funds in the Reforestation Trust Fund es-
- 9 tablished by section 303 of Public Law 96–451 on Federal
- 10 lands, but the authority otherwise provided by subsection
- 11 (d)(1) of such section to obligate such funds to reduce haz-
- 12 ardous fuel loads of forest stands shall not be used except
- 13 as provided in subsection (d)(2) of this section.
- 14 (d) Obligation Requirements and Amounts.—
- 15 (1) Reduction in risk of wildfire to
- 16 STRUCTURES.—During fiscal years 2004 through
- 17 2008, the Secretary of Agriculture and the Secretary
- of the Interior shall jointly obligate \$100,000,000
- each fiscal year of funds in the Restoration Trust
- Fund to reduce the risk of wildfire to structures on
- 21 tribal lands, nonindustrial private lands, and State
- lands using the authorities available under the
- Emergency Watershed Protection program, the Na-
- 24 tional Fire Plan, and grant programs authorized by
- 25 the Farm Security and Rural Investment Act of

- 1 2002 and other laws. As part of the Emergency Wa-2 tershed Protection program, the Secretary of Agri-3 culture, acting through the Natural Resources Conservation Service, may undertake measures, includ-5 ing making cost-share grants to Indian tribes, local 6 fire districts, municipalities, homeowner associations, 7 and counties, to prevent destruction from wildfires 8 by treating vegetation within the defensible space of 9 homes and other structures.
- 10 (2)Hazardous FUELS REDUCTION 11 PROJECTS.—During fiscal years 2004 through 2008, 12 amounts remaining in the Reforestation Trust Fund 13 after application of subsection (d) of section 303 of 14 Public Law 96–451 and paragraph (1) of this sub-15 section shall be used for hazardous fuels reduction 16 projects conducted under this Act.
- (e) RETENTION OF REVENUE.—During fiscal years 2004 through 2008, the Secretary of Agriculture and the Secretary of the Interior may sell commercial vegetation produced as a result of hazardous fuels reduction projects under this Act. Revenue from the sale of such vegetation shall be deposited in the Reforestation Trust Fund, and may only be used for hazardous fuels reduction projects described in section 5(b)(1).

- 1 (f) Transfers to Reforestation Trust Fund.—
- 2 During fiscal years 2004 through 2008, in lieu of the
- 3 transfers required by subsection (b)(1) of section 303 of
- 4 Public Law 96–451, the Secretary of the Treasury may
- 5 transfer to the Reforestation Trust Fund an amount equal
- 6 to the sum of the tariffs received in the Treasury under
- 7 chapter 44 and subheadings 6808.00.00 and 6809.11.00
- 8 of chapter 68 of the Harmonized Tariff Schedule of the
- 9 United States. Subsection (b)(2) of such section, which
- 10 limits the total amount that may be transferred for a fiscal
- 11 year, shall not apply to transfers made under this sub-
- 12 section.

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